

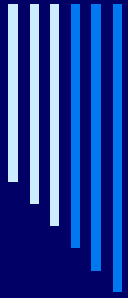
# **Errors in the Dialysis Unit: Enhancing Patient Safety**

**Carol Roe, JD, MSN, RN**

**Director of Regulatory Compliance & Risk  
Management**

**Centers for Dialysis Care**

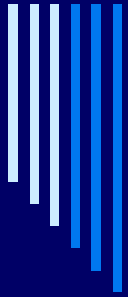
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# Disclaimer

- Although this presentation was prepared by professional with expertise in the topic, it should not be considered as the rendering of legal advice.
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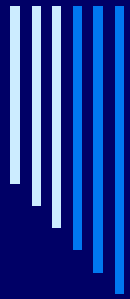


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# Registered Nurse

## □ Professional Considerations

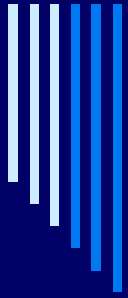
- Definition of professional nursing
  - Standards of clinical practice
  - Standards of Professional performance
  - Code of Ethics
-



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# Registered Nurse and Technician

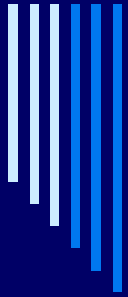
- Legal scope of practice
  - Conditions of Coverage
-



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# Accountability and Liability

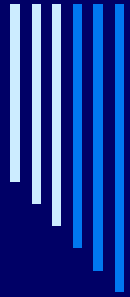
- **Accountability is inherent**
- **Liability- apportionment of financial responsibility after an untoward event in which damages have occurred**



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# Elements of Negligence

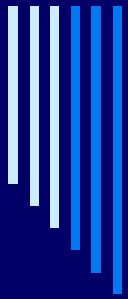
- Standard of care
  - Duty
  - Breach
  - Damages
-



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# IOM (Institute of Medicine)

- What is It?
  - Why is important?
  - [www.nationalacademies.org](http://www.nationalacademies.org)
-



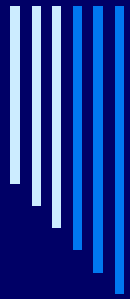
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# Health and Safety Survey to Improve Pt. Safety in ESRD

□ [www.kidneypatientsafety.org](http://www.kidneypatientsafety.org)

□ 5 adverse events

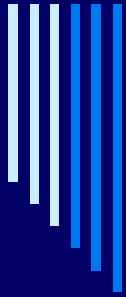
- Incorrect dialyzer or solution
  - Patient falls
  - Medication errors or omissions
  - Non-adherence to procedures
  - Hand hygiene
-



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# Another view of challenges in dialysis

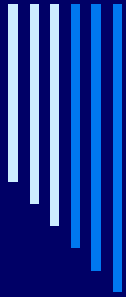
- Falls
  - “Disruptive patients”
  - Disconnects
  - Shortened treatments
  - Communication issues
-



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# “Top Safety Issues in HD”

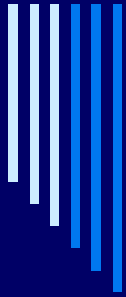
- Falls
  - Medication Administration
  - Needle dislodgement
  - Water/Dialysate
  - Reuse
-



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# Risk Reduction

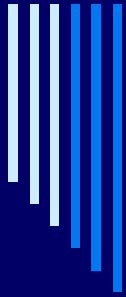
- Relationship of safety, quality, compliance and risk management
  
  - Components of Safety System
    - Policies and procedures
    - Adequately trained staff
    - Adequate tools
    - Appropriate supervision
-



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# Developing Safety Culture

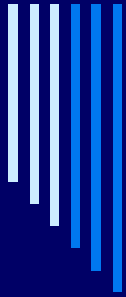
- ❑ **Fostering error and near miss reporting**
  - ❑ **Promotion of blame-free culture**
  - ❑ **Priority from top**
  - ❑ **Clear delineation of accountability**
  - ❑ **Effective system to review history, trends, and link safety, quality, risk management and compliance**
-



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# Effective Safety Teams

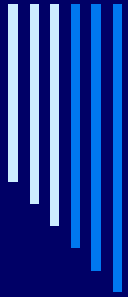
- ❑ Study trends in health care and safety stats
  - ❑ Set priorities
  - ❑ Receive and evaluate safety complaints
  - ❑ Perform work place walk throughs, document and provide feedback
  - ❑ Review incidents to identify and prevent risks
-



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# Effective Safety Teams

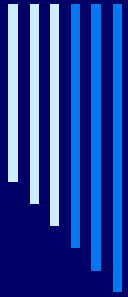
- Educate staff
  - Publicize effective solutions and problems
  - Form groups to address
  - Assist in inspections
  - Solicit input from line workers
  - Raise safety culture consciousness
-



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# Barriers to Actualizing

- Institutional or Self Imposed
  - “Paperwork” Perception
  - Vigilance
  - Leadership
-



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# So, Where do we go from here?

- “Merely looking at the sick is not observing.”